

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXV.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1912.

No. 3

THIRD PARTY MOVEMENT

Started in Ohio County last Saturday.

Provisions Made for Organization--W. S. Tinsley Endorsed for National Delegate

The Convention of the Progressives was held at the court house here Saturday afternoon, pursuant to the call. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock by Mr. C. M. Barnett, and Mr. Elias L. Stevens, of Cincinnati, was elected as permanent chairman of the convention, and Prof. W. R. Hendrick selected as secretary.

Upon taking the chair Mr. Stevens addressed the meeting and stated clearly that he was in perfect sympathy with the Progressive movement, and of the right of the people to rule. He presented the following committee on resolutions: J. E. Brown, Ernest Woodward, Wm. Hamilton, C. M. Barnett and W. S. Tinsley.

While the committee was deliberating Judge R. R. Wedding addressed the convention. The committee then brought in their report, which was as follows: Your committee on resolutions submit the following report:

First: We endorse the call for this convention and the convention to be held at Elizabethtown on August 1st to select delegates to the convention of Progressives to be held in Chicago August 10th, 1912.

Second: We denounce the conduct of the Republican National Committee for its high-handed action in thwarting the will of the Republican voters in unseating Roosevelt delegates to the Republican National Convention, thus turning a Taft minority into a majority, whereby for the first time in the history of the United States a nomination for the high office of President by any party was given. Having denounced election bribery in all of its forms in both State and nation in the past, we declare as honorable citizens we cannot condone nor support it because it happens to originate in our own household. We therefore declare it to be the sense of this convention that no Republican is bound by the action of the late National Convention held in Chicago because of its fraudulent and corrupt decision in retaining the delegates fraudulently secured by the national committee from the States of Kentucky, Texas, Washington, Indiana and elsewhere by allowing them to vote on the reports of the Committee on Credentials to suit each other, and we hereby call upon all voters to join with us in the fight which is to be waged in behalf of the common people upon a platform to be adopted at Chicago, the forecast of which furnishes evidence that it is to be the greatest declaration of principles ever announced by any party which has heretofore gone before the people asking support since the foundation of our government.

Third: We endorse and instruct our delegates to the Elizabethtown Convention to vote for instructions for Theodore Roosevelt for President of the United States, and hereby pledge ourselves to use every honorable effort to secure his nomination and election, believing that the more thoroughly embodied the principle of government by the people, with out which the discussion of all other issues is mere waste of time, than any man in public life today and that with him as our President peace, prosperity, happiness and contentment will follow for all.

Fourth: Our delegates are further instructed to vote for W. S. Tinsley of Ohio County as one of the delegates from the Fourth Congressional District to the National Convention. The following are hereby appointed delegates and urged to attend the convention at Elizabethtown August 1st:

M. A. Flaugh, E. G. Barnes, Henry Leach, S. L. Stevens, Ernest Woodward, J. E. Dempsey, Dr. A. D. Park, D. E. Ward, Dr. F. B. DOWDY, W. S. Dean, Andrew Thorpe, J. A. C. Park, S. A. Bratcher, W. C. Ashley, C. M. Barnett, J. E. Park, T. H. Black, W. P. Midfield, Dr. A. B. Riley, T. H. Repton, J. H. Williams, Roy Keown, J. Rogers, R. R. Wedding, W. S. Tinsley, C. E. Smith, W. B. Taylor, Thos. H. Amery, O. E. Scott, H. E. Brown, Henry Carter, Dr. E. P. Rogers, Dr.

JAMES PREPARES FLOWERY EFFORTS

Big Ollie Some Orator and This One is in Line.

Kentucky Solon Has Speech Ready With Which He Will Notify Wilson.

Washington, July 27.—While Woodrow Wilson has been assuaging this week at the home of an unnamed friend at Seagirt, engaged in the preparation of his speech of acceptance, Ollie M. James, the silver-tongued Kentucky orator, has been putting the finishing touches on the speech of notification.

It is no disparagement of the Democratic candidate to say that if his speech of acceptance measures up to the standard of Mr. James' speech of notification, he will have to "go some." Senator-elect James is a great orator and the coming notification speech will be one of his masterpieces.

The interesting ceremonial of "notifying" Gov. Wilson of his nomination will take place at Seagirt, on August 7, one week from next Wednesday. During the daylong hours of the Baltimore convention Thomas Taggart offered a resolution appointing Mr. James as chairman of the notification committee.

Mr. James has completed the program that will be followed. It calls upon the members of the Notification Committee, representing every State and Territory, to assemble at the Hotel Imperial in New York City at 8:30 o'clock on the morning of August 7. New York was chosen as the place of rendezvous because of its accessibility. At 9 o'clock the committee will leave via Pennsylvania railroad for Seagirt, arriving there at 11 a. m. The notification ceremony will take place at 2 p. m.

Mr. James will present to the candidate a hand-drawn and certified copy of the platform adopted at Baltimore, together with a formal letter signed by himself and all of the members of the notification committee, informing him of his nomination to be the standard bearer of the party. In connection with the presentation of these mementoes will occur the speeches of notification and acceptance.

Mr. James says the notification ceremonial will not be an occasion for fuss and frills and a gorgeous display of Prince Alberts and high hats. On the contrary, he for one, is going to wear a vest and will try to keep as cool and comfortable as the circumstances will permit. He has written a letter to every member of the notification committee, giving notice of the arrangements, and from most of them he has received assurance that they will be present, so that he confidently expects a large attendance of the committee.

On the notification committee are a number of well-known Democrats, Indiana is represented by Andrew A. Adams, of Columbia City, a fellow-lawman and close friend of Governor Marshall, who was the Indiana Governor's personal representative at Baltimore. He has written to Mr. James that he will attend the notification. The Kentucky member is Representative Ben Johnson, one of the leaders of the Bluegrass Democracy. The Ohio member is John S. Spook.

Wilson Knows Teddy is Man He Must Beat.

Washington, July 27.—The managers of Woodrow Wilson's campaign realize even this early in the presidential political game that Theodore Roosevelt, and not William H. Taft, is the man they have to fight.

They are making all of their plans in accordance with the theory that President Taft will really cut little figure in the campaign and that very little attention need be given to him, but that it will tax all of their resources to prevent Col. Roosevelt from being elected President.

This is the secret back of the carefully arranged plan to send William J. Bryan out to worry and harass Col. Roosevelt and to follow him with a sounding bevy of question marks into every debatable State.

The Democratic campaign plan calls for no direct attack of President Taft. It is held that he has already been eliminated and that the campaign will be against the leader of the third party movement.

DESCRIPTION OF OIL FIELDS

Pumps are Worked Night and Day.

One Illinois Farm Has Thirty-Four Producing Oil Wells.

(By John D. Kelley, in Hancock Clarion.) Bridgeport, Ill., July 27.—A bit of business brought me to Vincennes yesterday and having recently heard much oil talk at Hawesville I ran over here, only thirteen miles, to see what an oil field really looks like. It certainly is here, and it "looks some," too. A single derrick recently put up on the high school lot in Hawesville attracted much attention and caused much talk. Here, in any direction the eye looks, from forty to 100 derricks can be taken in at a glance. Under most of them the "jack," or small pump, is going constantly drawing up the oleaginous fluid. This pump is generally one of seven or more that are being run by a central power of say sixty or more horse power located 200 yards or less away and propelled by an iron rod attached to a peculiar mechanism or rotary propellant, which is driven by the gas that comes from the oil well. Very little attention is given to these pumps, and they go night and day. The oil of some of the wells is pumped to Lawrenceville, where the Ohio Oil Company has its refinery, and some to Whiting, Ind., and more of it is pumped into great iron tanks that hold thousands of barrels. In one instance between Lawrenceville and Bridgeport I counted forty-five of these great tanks on a single 100 acre farm. They are about twenty to thirty feet in height and about 20 feet in circumference. The Snowden Bros., one of whom at least, Mr. James Snowden, is well-known at Hawesville, are one of the four most important producers here. They have thirty-four producing wells on a single farm, from which they have already taken 80,000 barrels of oil. Some new wells are now being sunk by them. This farm was not worth more than \$25 an acre six years ago when the first well was a success here, and now, well, I know no way to tell its value except to say that the above 37,000 barrels sold for 66 cents a barrel, or \$24,380. Of the above 37,000 barrels has been running for 5 years, and it yet produces 30 barrels every 24 hours. The oil homestead on this, the O'Donnell farm, has been abandoned by the family, and in the cemetery where the "father," Chas. O'Donnell is buried, there was recently erected a \$1,000 monument to his memory. On another here I saw 12 tanks, each of which is estimated to hold 27,000 barrels. At one point the road running South from Bridgeport is the dividing line between the rival companies. Capillary, well oiled, is spilled out in blazing eters. There is where you see one company put its wells as close as possible to the road, and then the other company comes along and sticks up its drilling derrick just across the road from the same, and probably go down the road 600 feet and start to drill a well close to the road, and then find that they have only induced their rival to get across the road from them at the new point. This is explained by the fact that the pumps in common use draw the oil for a distance of 80 feet only, so you can rob your neighbor to that extent, unless he is up and ready to checkmate or probably to rob you to the extent of 600 feet of your territory, less the distance from his pump pipe to your line across the road.

Two Ways Two Look at the School Question.

Perhaps there are some people in Hartford who think some other people in Hartford do not want a school and are opposed to putting up a new school building. As a citizen, I will say, I have failed to find a man, woman or child who opposes a school, or building a new house suitable for our school and I believe a nice sum could be raised by donation to supplement what we have on hand to furnish and beautify the house and grounds if necessary. According to a statement in the Hartford Herald of July 21, the school board has \$7,222.10 in cash at this time. We have a gentleman in town whose mechanical skill and financial ability and common homely are not questioned who will duplicate the house for what money we have on hand.

Now the question: With an indebtedness close to \$17,000 hanging over us much of which is long past due and unpaid and only about \$20 in the treasury and with only \$3,500 or \$4,000 available next year it does seem, as a business proposition, that we should stop, look and think some, before we further mortgage and bond our town for \$9,000, with interest to be paid annually when we can replace our house that has met our demands for 25 or 30 years when we had no high schools in the county except ours, as we now have five schools of the same sort in the county and the State Normals at Bowling Green and Richmond drawing many even from our county every year.

Now we all like nice things, perhaps most of us would like to have finer houses and some of us would like to have an automobile if we were able, but we don't feel that it would be just to our creditors to have such things even if we could get them on credit and I don't think the financial condition of our town will be what it should be until its business is handled as the business of a prudent and conservative business man.

Marriage License.

The following have been issued since our last issue: Eliza D. Westfield, Portland, to May Wright, Dundee. Alton Carter, Clinton Mills, Ky., to Myrtle Carter, Clinton Mills. Lewis Fielden to Annie Williams, Centerville.

For Sale.

I have three Hampshire Boar pigs for sale at \$5 each. W. S. DEAN, Dundee, Ky.

RURAL CARRIER IN TROUBLE

Greenville Boy Arrested by U. S. Marshal.

Accused of Withholding Letters and Converting Money to His Own Use Entrusted to Him.

Paul Pannell, of Greenville, Ky., has been held to the grand jury of the next term of the Federal court in Owensboro, on the charge of tampering with the United States mails. Pannell was a carrier on rural route No. 1, out of Greenville. There are six counts in the charge made against him.

On September 9, 1911, he is accused of taking from the mails a letter addressed to Mrs. Monroe Vincent, Route 1, Greenville, Ky.

On September 23, 1911, it is charged that he withheld from the mails a letter and post card addressed P. M. of Russellville, Ky., Logan county.

On August 20, 1911, it is alleged that he converted to his own use the sum of \$8 which came into his hands from Mrs. Monroe Vincent to be used in obtaining a postal money order for Crofts and Reed company of Chicago.

On May 21, 1912, it is charged that he converted to his own use \$10 which came into his hands from Mrs. N. B. Board to obtain a postoffice money order for the Pure Food company of Cincinnati.

On March 19, 1912, it is alleged that he converted to his own use \$2.43, which he received from Mrs. Hattie Stovall to obtain a postoffice money order for the John M. Smith Company of Chicago.

On November 27, 1911, it is alleged that he converted to his own use \$1.25 which he received from Mrs. Vannie Quisenberry to be used in purchasing a postoffice money order, for Selge, Cooper and Company of Chicago.

Pannell is a young man 19 years old, and is the son of Tom Pannell of Greenville, a prominent business man and politician. Owing to his excellent family connections the charges against him came as a great surprise to his many friends.

Young Pannell was recently married to a popular young girl of Greenville, the daughter of the pastor of the leading church of that city.

He declared that his arrest be kept secret from his wife, and Deputy United States Marshall Nichols of Owensboro, who made the arrest, did not go with him to his home, but sent along with Pannell a mutual friend who agreed to be responsible for the delivery of the young man to the officer for examining trial at Hopkinsville. This friend stayed with Pannell at the latter's home the night after his arrest, and returned him to Officer Nichols next morning. Pannell told his wife he was going to Hopkinsville on a business trip. It was taken before United States Commissioner Clarke at Hopkinsville by Officer Nichols. He waived examination and was held to the grand jury under a bond of \$500.

The investigation was made by Post-office Inspector Cushman, who swore out the warrant for Pannell's arrest—Owensboro Inquirer.

Bottle With Note From Major Butt Found.

Black Island, R. I., July 31.—A bottle with a badly corroded metal top was found on the beach here today containing this note on an official wireless blank:

"April 16, 1912, Midcoast—Help! On a Raft. Titanic sinking. No water or food. MAJOR A. BUTT."

On the other side of the blank was another signature, opposite a space marked on the official blank:

"Major A. Butt: To officer in charge of the watch."

The authenticity of the note has not been established. The bottle was found by Joseph F. Aiken, of North Attleboro; A. J. Lonn, manager of the Cathedral Orchestra of New York City, and W. H. Jones, of No. 104 Madison avenue, Paterson, N. J.

It has always been supposed that Maj. Butt sank with the Titanic.